Open ROADM and MSA overview

Open ROADM team



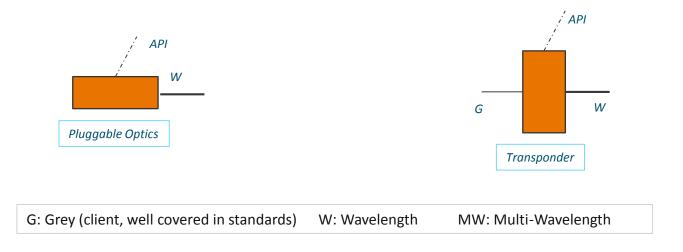
Shift to Open & Flexible

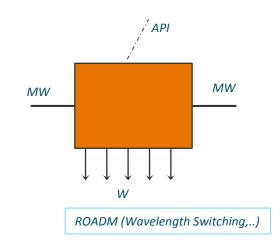
Software Control Software Open Interfaces Hardware Hardware Hardware Hardware Open - Standard **Proprietary** Flexible Fixed Siloed Modular



Proposed Optical Functions

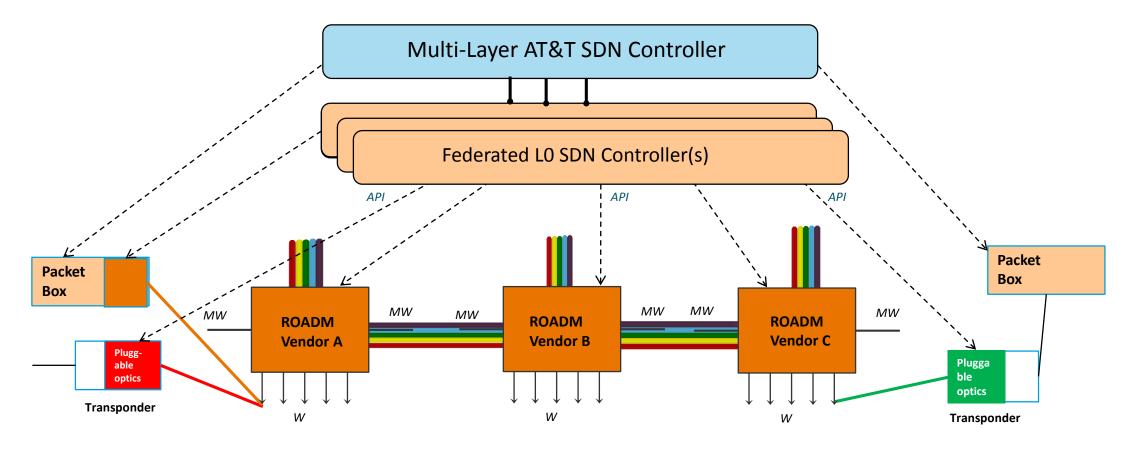
- We want to standardize the framework for optical functions
 - Multi-vendor, Interchangeable, inter-workable components supporting standard APIs for control
- Pluggable optics: Fully open to pluggable optics, used in a ROADM system or packet element, independently controllable
- Transponder: Fully open to pluggable optics on client and line; Interoperable with other vendors/pluggables on line side
- ROADM: Open, flexible interoperable ROADM; Multi-vendor in a Metro; Individually controllable CD or CDC







Metro SDN Controllers for Packet-Optical Network

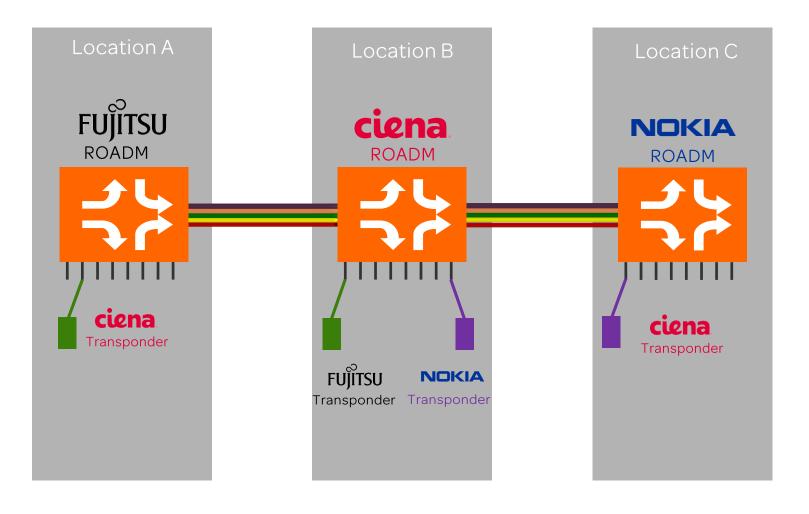


Key Objectives

- Open Disaggregated Interoperable Optical Layer
- Standards-based API from each component to SDN Controller
- Pluggable Long Reach Optics (on transponder or router)
- Software controlled ROADMs (C/D & C/D/C)
- Metro to start with, since less performance sensitive



Open ROADM for the Metro



- AT&T internal demo
- First to show open single and multi wavelength interfaces

History in the making!
February
2016



Open ROADM Multi-Source Agreement (MSA)

openroadm.org

Open ROADM
 specifications available

Optical spec and YANG data models

• Current members:

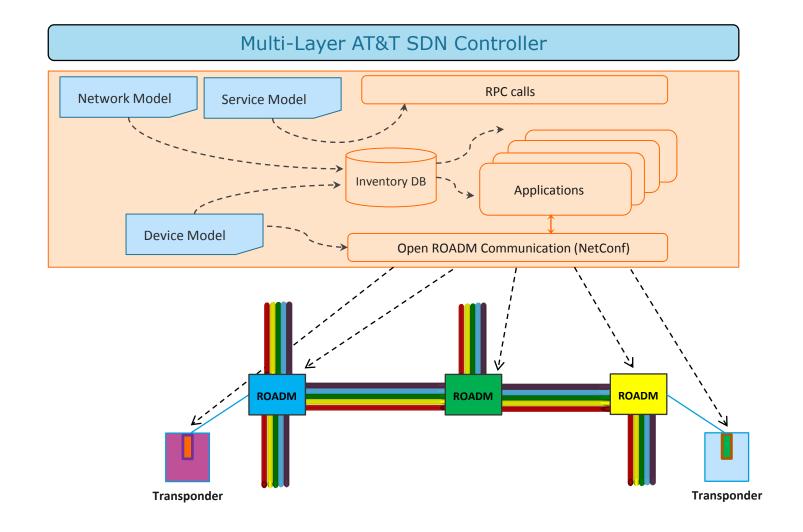
AT&T, Ciena, Fujitsu, Nokia, SK Telecom

Current work:

Finished data models by end of June



YANG Model Based Open ROADM Controller





YANG Data models

Network abstraction

Devices can be changed without having to re-code applications AT&T's abstraction open sourced as an example, can be changed by user

Service RPC commands

AT&T's RPCs open sourced as example, can be changed as per desire

Device template

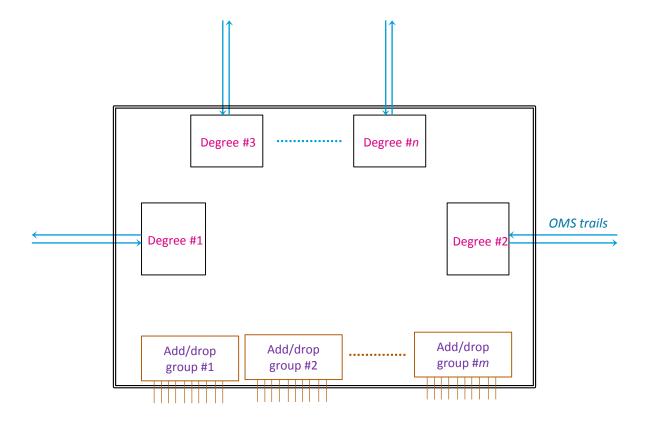
Hardware suppliers fill in their device specific information into template Enables "plug-and-play"



Open ROADM Network Model

Basic building blocks:

- Degree
- Add/drop group / Shared Risk Group (SRG)

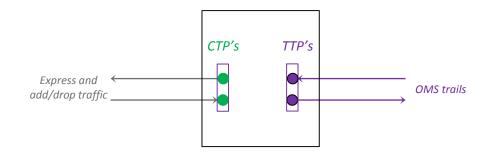




Degree and SRG Constructs

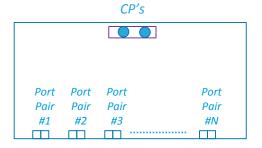
Degree:

- Trail Termination Points (TTPs)
- Connection Termination Points (CTPs)



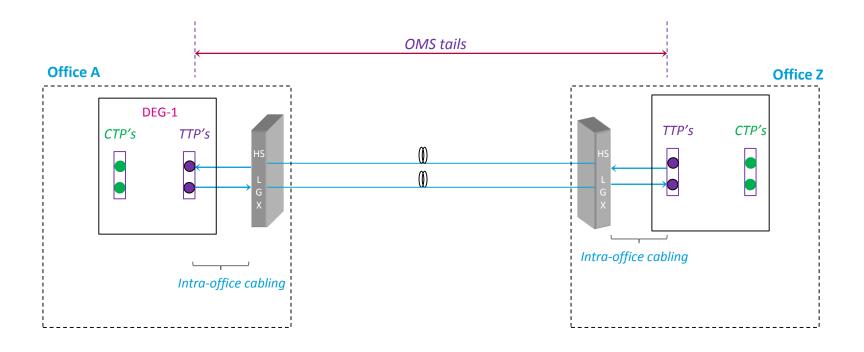
SRG:

- Connection Points (CPs)
- N Port pairs (pp's)





External Connections via TTPs in Degrees



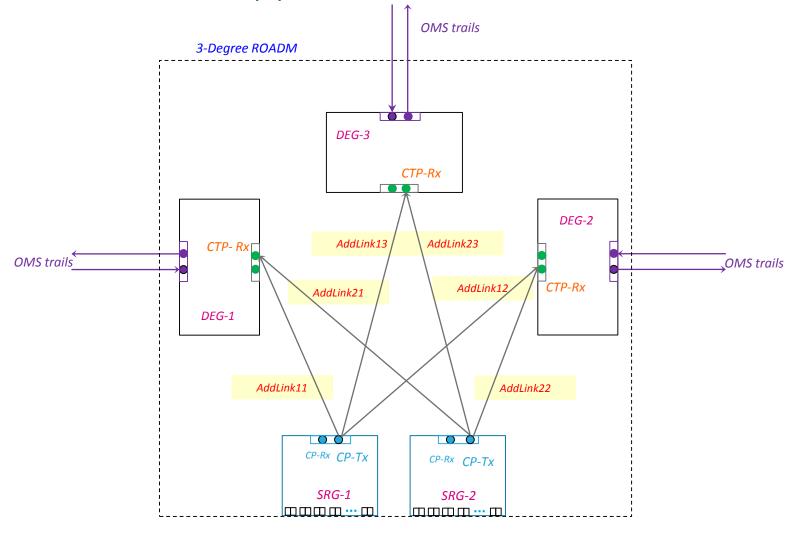


Internal Connections via CTPs in Degrees

3-Degree ROADM DEG-1 DEG-2 OMS trails OMS trails ExpressLink21 **CTPs** ExpressLink12 ExpressLink31 ExpressLink23 ExpressLink13 ExpressLink32 **CTPs** DEG-3 OMS trails

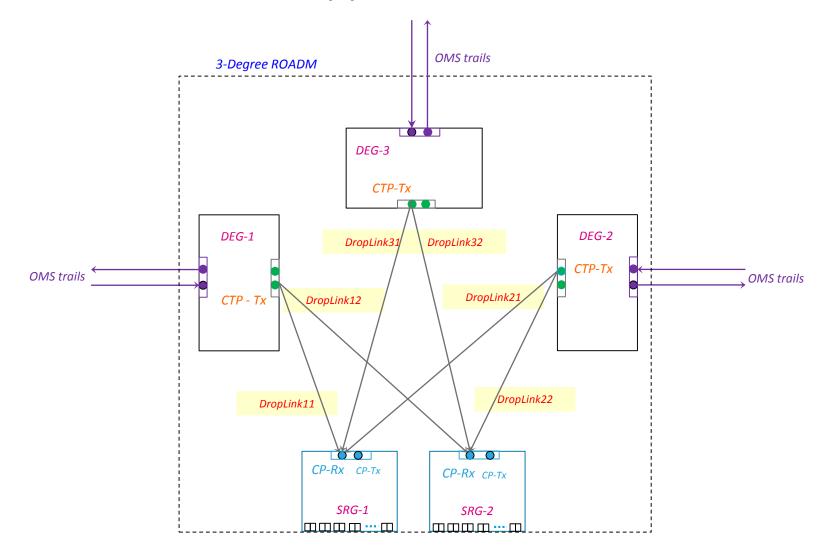


Internal Connections via CTPs and CPs (1)





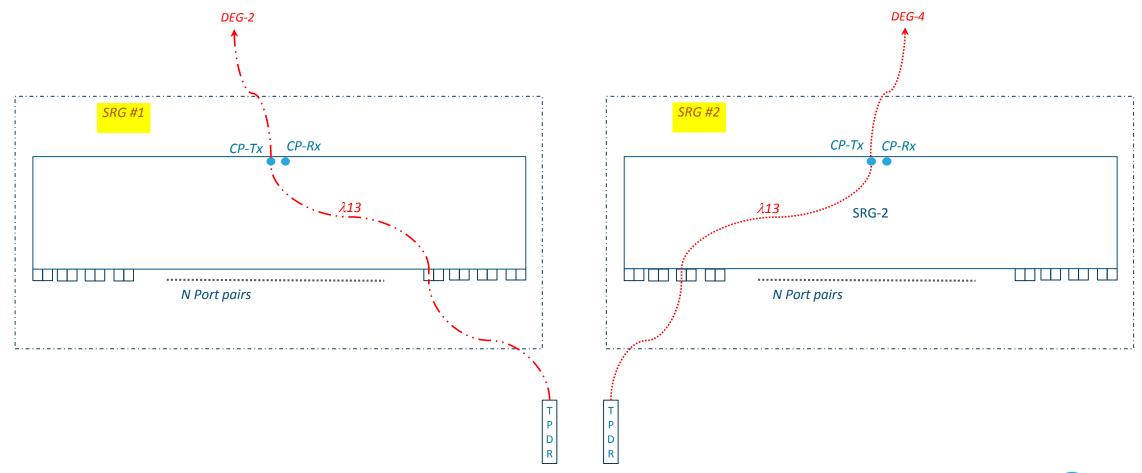
Internal Connections via CTPs and CPs (2)





SRG – C/D Model

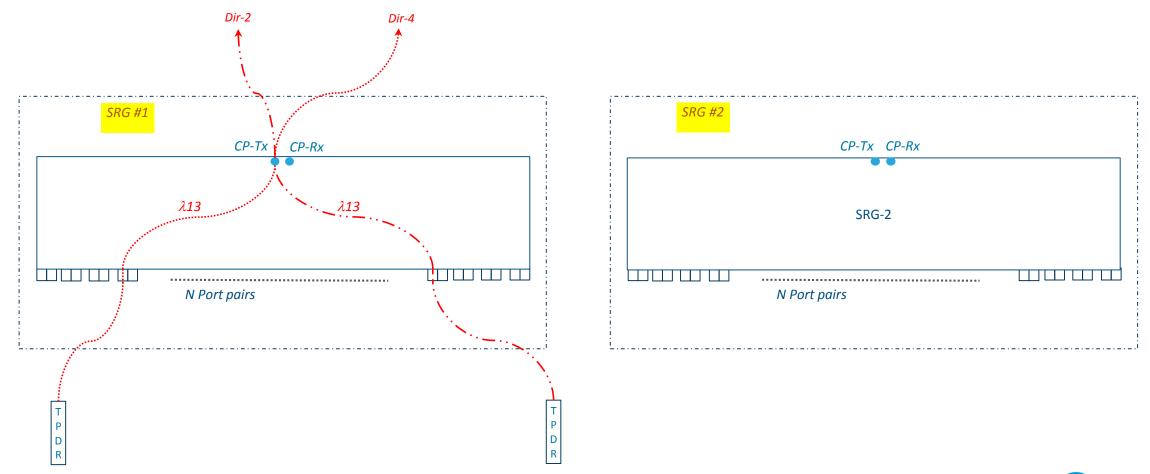
Wavelength assignment at each SRG's CP-Tx and CP-Rx: One per SRG





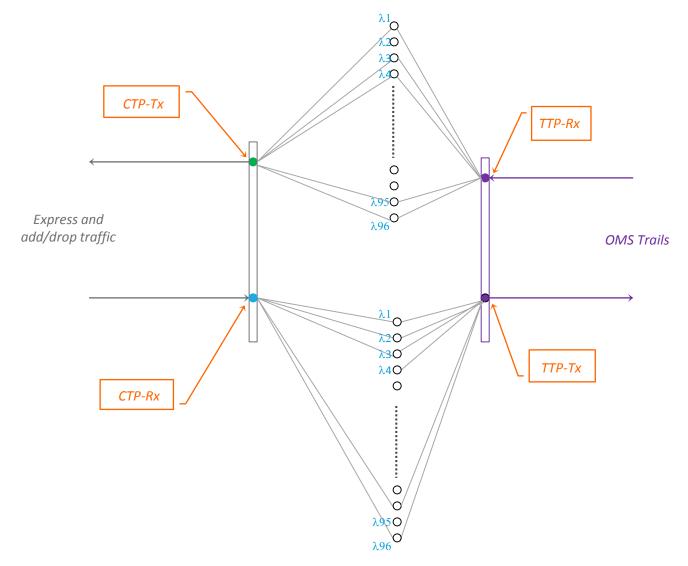
SRG – C/D/C Model

• Wavelength assignment at each SRG's CP-Tx and CP-Rx: One per Degree



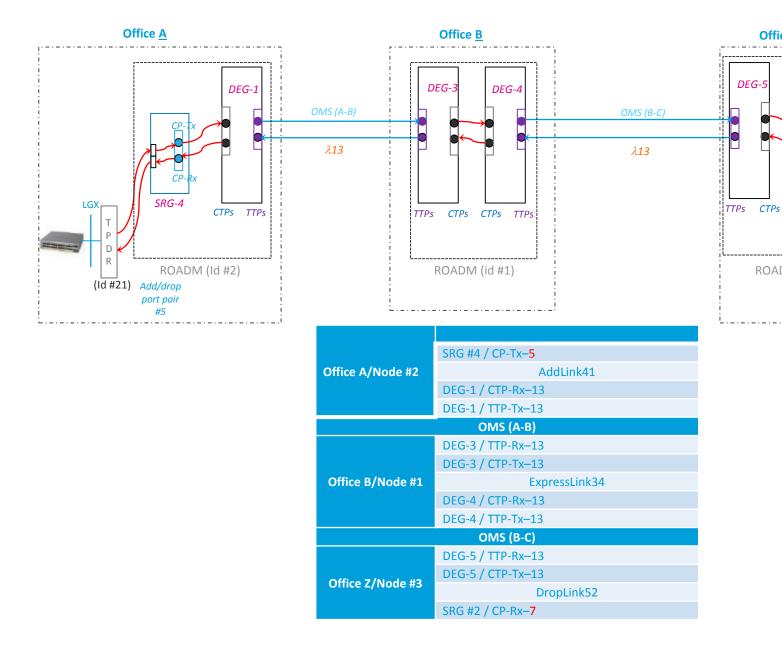


Multi-wavelength TTPs and CTPs





A Service Example





Office **Z**

SRG-2

Add/drop port pair

(Id #12)

ROADM (id #3)

Vendor-Specific Device Model

- Circuit Packs
 - > Name
 - > Location (bay, shelf, slot)
 - > Input ports
 - Port name
 - Physical Link name
 - Logical Connection Point
 -
 - > Output ports
 - Port name
 - Physical Link name
 - Logical Connection Point
 -

- Physical Connections
 - > Name
 - > Source
 - Degree ID / SRG ID
 - Circuit Pack Name
 - Port Name
 - Logical Link Name
 -
 - > Destination
 - Degree ID / SRG ID
 - Circuit Pack Name
 - Port Name
 - Logical Link Name
 -
- Circuit Pack Internal Connections



More about Device Model

Attributes

- > Interface
- > protocols
- > External links
- > Wavelength Map
- > Connection Map
- > Syslog
- > Current PM list
- > Historical PM list
- >

Notifications

- > Inventory
- > Alarms
- > TCA
- >

RPCs

- > DB-backup
- > DB-restore
- > DB-activate
- > Cancel-rollback (cancel rollback timer)
- > Restart
- > Reinitialize
- > Get connection port trail
- > Change password
- > Start scan
- > Software stage
- > Software activate
- >



Service Model

- A collection of RPCs for the SDN-C to manage LO services and obtain network information
 - Service creation
 - Service deletion
 - Service feasibility check
 - Temporary service creation
 - Temporary service deletion
 - Service roll
 - Service reconfigure
 - Service restoration (regen failure)
 - Service re-route (OMS failure)
 - Network re-optimization
 - Network topology
 - Service layout



