

# New Project Checklist

- [Introduction](#)
- [New Project Checklist](#)
- [Taking Advantage of Project Infrastructure](#)

## Introduction

Getting started in OpenDaylight can be a bit intimidating, but most of the infrastructure vanishes into the background pretty quickly as you get things set up and used to the workflow.

## New Project Checklist

Here are the tasks you're going to want to do

1. Make sure you have a git repository (visible in gerrit)
  - a. Go to <https://git.opendaylight.org/>
  - b. Click "Projects" on the left under the OpenDaylight logo
  - c. Click "List" under projects
  - d. Verify your project is listed with the right repo name
2. Make sure your Jenkins jobs are created
  - a. Go to <https://jenkins.opendaylight.org/releng/>
  - b. Look for a tab at the top for your project and click on it
  - c. Make sure you have at least <repo-name>-verify-master, <repo-name>-merge-master, and <repo-name>-daily-master jobs
  - d. If the jobs do not exist follow the instructions from the releng/builder Jenkins documentation to configure your jobs. [RelEng/Builder Jenkins page](#)
3. Verify that your jenkins jobs work
  - Test verify by pushing a patch and seeing that the verify job runs and successfully posts a "verified +1" to the gerrit.
  - Then merge the patch and make sure that the merge job runs successfully and pushes artifacts in Nexus.
    - After the job runs, go to <http://nexus.opendaylight.org/>
    - Search for your project's name and see if the artifacts you expect are there.
  - Optionally, test your integration jobs by manually triggering them.
4. Make sure you have a JIRA entry for your project
  - a. Go to [JIRA](#)
  - b. Make sure your project appears in the list
5. Subscribe to your mailing list and other important mailing lists
  - a. Go to <https://lists.opendaylight.org/>
  - b. Confirm that you are subscribed to either kernel-dev or app-dev mailing lists
6. Subscribe to these other suggested lists:
  - a. tsc
    - i. At least one representative from your project should either (i) attend the [TSC calls](#), (ii) subscribe to the [TSC mailing list](#), or (iii) read the [TSC meeting minutes](#).
    - ii. Ideally, a project representative should do all three.
  - b. dev
  - c. discuss
  - d. Your gerrit so you can tell when people push patches to your project (see [LF Gerrit Guide](#) for how to subscribe to events from your project)
  - e. The [Jenkins mailing list](#), filtered for the topic equal to your project name. Test failures will be reported to this list.
7. Set up your pom file structure according to [project layout best practice](#)
  - A good way to do this to use the [Project Startup Archetype](#), but replace the example module and hello world RPC with the beginnings of your own project
  - Your project should have a parent pom file that should be the root of your 'pom tree'
  - It's parent should be the [odlparent pom file](#)
  - All version numbers should be put into one of these two pom files, not hard-coded in other pom files
  - Default Version numbers from the "Startup Project Archetype" are not up to date. So, please update the version numbers in all the files generated.
    - Example to change the version numbers - <https://git.opendaylight.org/gerrit/#/c/28662/>
  - Certain pom files should use special parent poms, e.g., the karaf-parent in controller to build Karaf distributions. Other useful parent pom files to know about are:
    - [binding-parent in yangtools](#) for defining YANG models
    - [features-parent in odlparent](#) for defining features repositories
    - [karaf-parent in controller](#) for defining project-local Karaf distributions
8. Set up your JaCoCo code coverage reporting
  - Please follow these simple steps to [report unit and integration test code coverage to Sonar](#)
  - Currently, this only works for Java

## Taking Advantage of Project Infrastructure

There is a detailed overview of the [Development Infrastructure](#) that will give you a good conceptual framework. Most of what is written here is about concrete getting things done stuff :)